

PEDIATRICS www.bluefishmd.com

Student Symptom Decision Tree

Low-risk: general symptoms

- Fever (≥ 100.4°F)
- Congestion/runny nose
- Nausea/vomiting/diarrhea
- Sore throat
- Headache
- Fatigue/muscle or body aches

High-risk: red flag symptoms

- Cough (new onset affecting quality of life)
- Difficulty breathing
- Loss of taste/smell

Exposure to COVID-19 positive person?

Close contact: less than 6 feet for a cumulative of 15 minutes or longer over a 24 hour period



Can return to school after 14 days from last contact, unless symptoms develop. For shorter quarantine information click here. If symptoms develop, strongly consider performing SARS-CoV-2 PCR test and reevaluate.

1 Low risk

Return to school after 24 hours fever free (without fever reducing medications) and symptoms improving. Consider telemedicine visit.

What symptoms?

> 2 low risk OR 1 High risk



- 1. Health care provider confirms alternative diagnosis for symptoms. A health care provider's note must be on file. SARS-CoV-2 PCR test not needed.
 - 2. NEGATIVE SARS-CoV-2 PCR test
 - 3. POSITIVE* SARS-CoV-2 PCR test **OR** No provider visit or test

Return to school after 24 hours fever free (without fever reducing medications) and symptoms improving. Strongly consider a telemedicine or office visit.

- Return to school after 24 hours fever free (without fever reducing medications) and symptoms improving.
- Return to school after a minimum of 10 days AND once symptoms have resolved AND 24 hours fever free (without fever reducing medications). Quarantine close contacts of confirmed cases. If any questions, contact our office.
- * If a patient is 12 years or older and their COVID-19 test is positive and any one of the following is true, then a cardiology consult may be warranted prior to returning to competitive sports.
 - 1. 3 or more days of fever of 100.0 or higher or bedrest
 - 2. Persistent fatigue
 - 3. Shortness of breath not related to poor conditioning or return of symptoms with exertion.
- 4. Chest pain
- 5. Palpitations
- 6. Syncope or fainting symptoms
- 7. Hospitalization